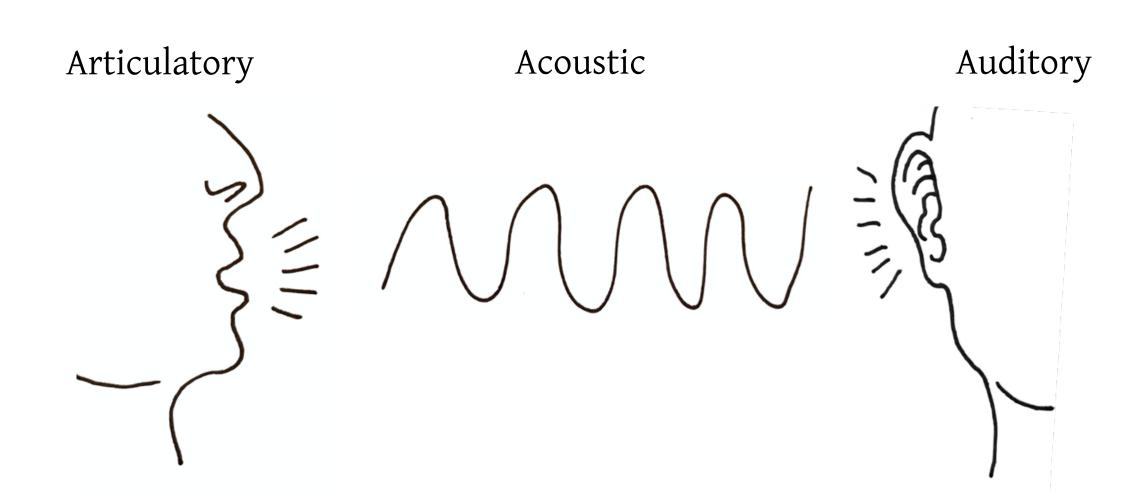
Phonetics I The International Phonetic Alphabet

Ling 301 (Spring 2021)

Joseph Pentangelo

The College of Staten Island

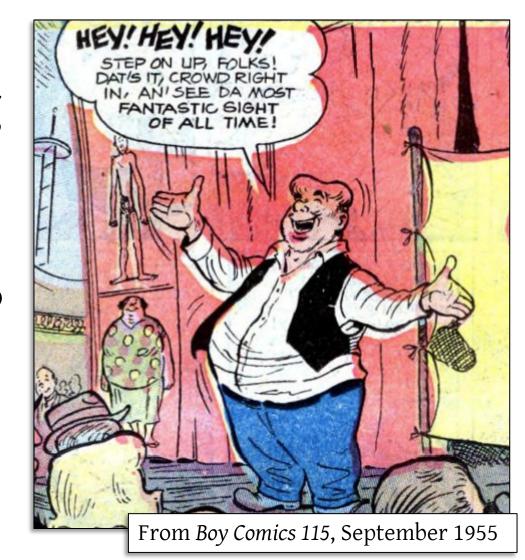
- Phonetics is the branch of linguistics that deals with speech sounds.
- There are three branches of phonetics.



• For now, we'll be dealing with the most basic level of analysis.

- For now, we'll be dealing with the most basic level of analysis: impressionistic phonetic transcription.
- Putting speech into writing.

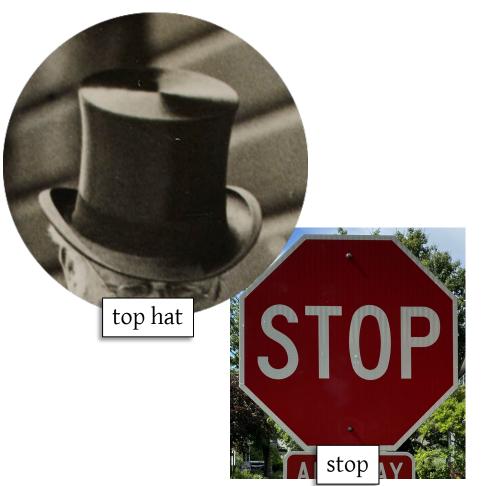
- You might argue that regular English orthography (i.e. spelling) already puts speech into writing: letters correspond to speech sounds.
- Is English orthography good for phonetic transcription?

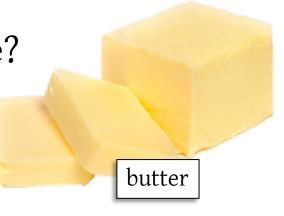


• What sound does \(\frac{t}{make}\)?

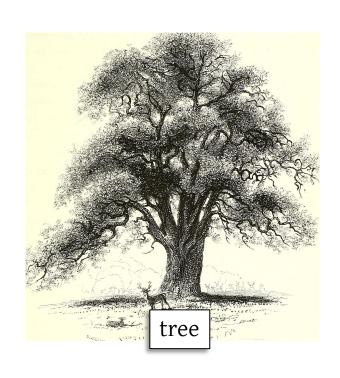
Angled brackets are used for graphemes. Indicate the way things are spelled.

What sound does \(\square\) make?





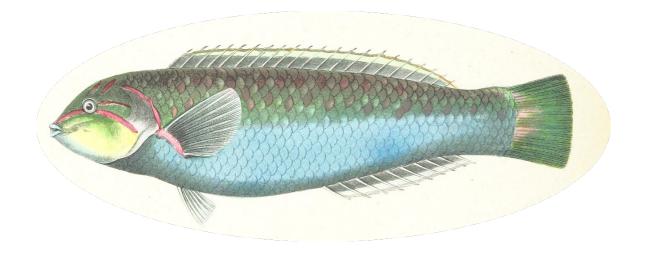






- We might better ask what sounds does \(\tau\) make?
- Since \(\tau\) represents several different sounds, it's not very useful for phonetic transcription.

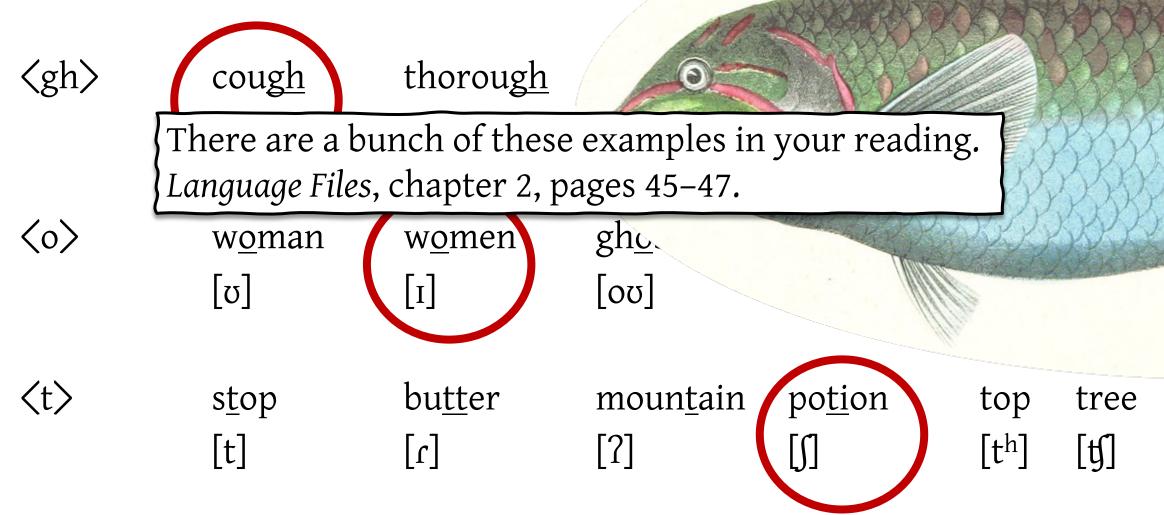
- Is English orthography good for phonetic transcription?
- Nope. It has tons of ambiguity, as we've seen with $\langle t \rangle$.
- Another example: what does \(\)ghoti\ \(\) spell?



 $\langle gh \rangle$ cough thorough ghost [] Square brackets are used for phonetic symbols.

<gh></gh>	cou <u>gh</u> [f]	thorou <u>gh</u> Ø	g <u>h</u> ost [g]	[] Square brackets are used for phonetic symbols.
<o></o>	w <u>o</u> man	w <u>o</u> men	gh <u>o</u> st	h <u>o</u> t
	[ʊ]	[ɪ]	[oʊ]	[a]





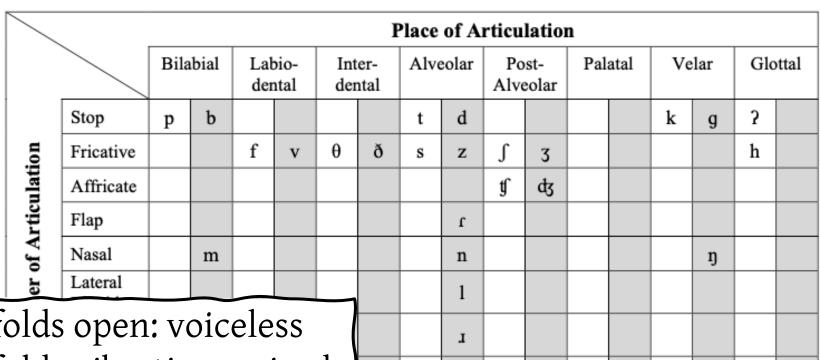
- English orthography is unsuitable for representing the phones (speech sounds) of English speech.
- Linguists use the International Phonetic Alphabet (IPA). Each symbol represents a speech sound.
- The IPA is devised and arranged on an articulatory basis.
- Key elements for consonants: voicing, place, and manner.

							F	Place	of A	rticu	latio	n					
		Bila	bial		oio- ntal		er- ntal	Alve	eolar		st- eolar	Pal	atal	Ve	lar	Glo	ottal
	Stop	p	b					t	d					k	g	3	
ion	Fricative			f	v	θ	ð	s	z	ſ	3					h	
ulati	Affricate									f	ďз						
Articulation	Flap								ſ								
of A	Nasal		m						n						ŋ		
Manner	Lateral Liquid								1								
Mar	Retroflex Liquid								ı								
	Glide	w	w										j				

State of the Glottis

Voiceless





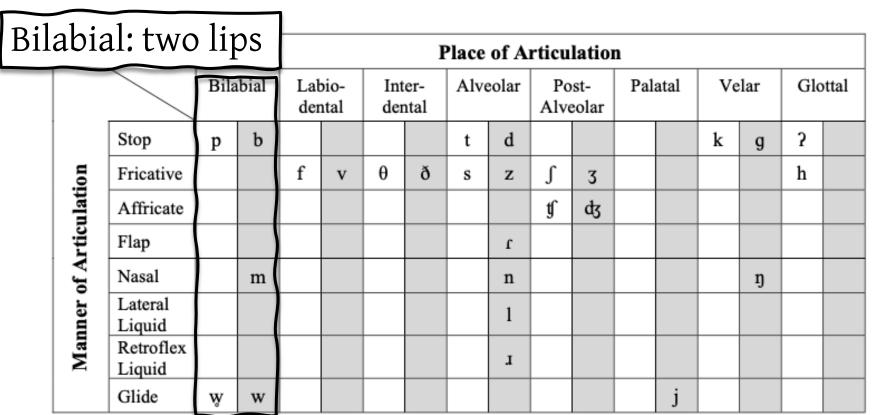


Vocal folds open: voiceless

Vocal folds vibrating: voiced

State of the Glottis

Voiceless



State of the Glottis

Voiceless

Labiodental: lips + teeth

Place o	of Ar	ticul	ation
---------	-------	-------	-------

		Bila	bial		oio- ntal		er- ntal	Alve	eolar		st- eolar	Pal	atal	Ve	lar	Glo	ttal
	Stop	p	b					t	d					k	g	3	
ion	Fricative			f	v	θ	ð	s	z	ſ	3					h	
of Articulation	Affricate									f	ďЗ						
rtic	Flap								ſ								
of A	Nasal		m						n						ŋ		
Manner	Lateral Liquid								1								
Mar	Retroflex Liquid								ı								
	Glide	w	w										j				

State of the Glottis

Voiceless

Interdental: between teeth

| Bilabial | Labio- | Interdental | Alveolar | Post- |
| Company | C

		Bila	bial	l .	oio- ntal		er- ntal	Alve	eolar		st- eolar	Pal	atal	Ve	lar	Glo	ttal
	Stop	p	b					t	d					k	g	3	
ion	Fricative			f	v	θ	ð	s	z	ſ	3					h	
ulati	Affricate									f	ďЗ						
rtic	Flap								ſ								
of A	Nasal		m						n						ŋ		
Manner of Articulation	Lateral Liquid								1								
Mar	Retroflex Liquid								ı								
	Glide	w	w										j				



State of the Glottis

Voiceless

International Phonetic Alphabet
Alveolar: on that ridge of flesh

behind your upper teeth

			_														
		Bila	bial	l .	oio- ntal		er- ntal	Alve	eolar	Po Alve	st- eolar	Pal	atal	Ve	lar	Glo	ottal
	Stop	p	b					t	d					k	g	3	
ion	Fricative			f	v	θ	ð	s	z	ſ	3					h	
of Articulation	Affricate									ţſ	ďЗ						
rtic	Flap								ſ								
of A	Nasal		m						n						ŋ		
Manner	Lateral Liquid								1								
Mar	Retroflex Liquid								1								
	Glide	w	w										j				



State of the Glottis

Voiceless

Voiced

ticulation

Postalveolar: behind

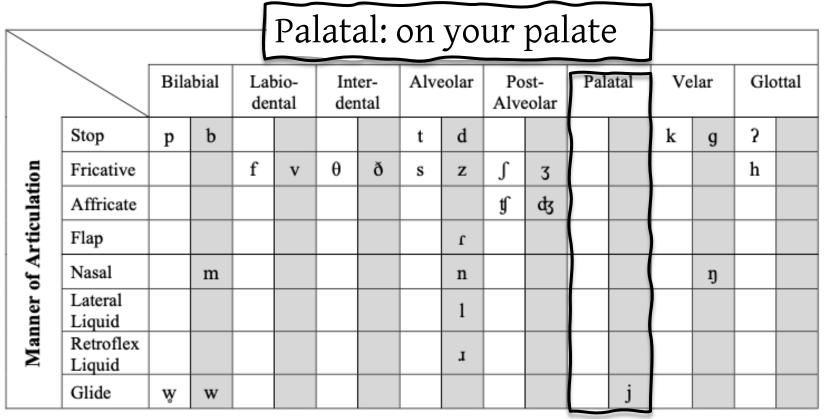
your alveolar ridge

				y	WI.	ai v		IUI	110	15	^	1					
		Bila	bial		bio- ntal		ter- ntal	Alve	eolar		st- colar	Pal	atal	Ve	lar	Glo	ttal
	Stop	p	b					t	d					k	g	3	
lo n	Fricative			f	v	θ	ð	s	z	ſ	3					h	
of Articulation	Affricate									f	ďЗ						
rtic	Flap								ſ								
of A	Nasal		m						n						ŋ		
Manner	Lateral Liquid								1								
Mar	Retroflex Liquid								ı								
	Glide	w	w										j				



State of the Glottis

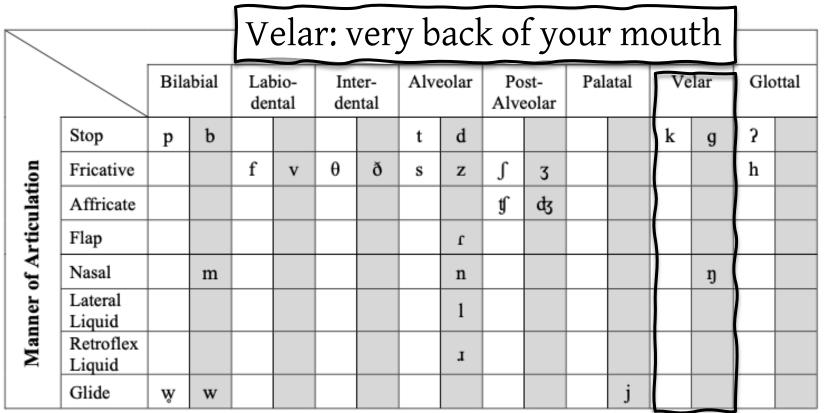
Voiceless





State of the Glottis

Voiceless





State of the Glottis

Voiceless

International Phonetic Alphabet Glottal: at your glottis/vocal folds

\							1	lace	UI A	ı uc_							
		Bila	bial		oio- ntal		er- ntal	Alve	olar	Po Alve	st- eolar	Pal	atal	Ve	lar	Glo	ottal
	Stop	p	b					t	d					k	g	3	
lo u	Fricative			f	v	θ	ð	s	z	ſ	3					h	
ulati	Affricate									f	ďЗ						
rtic	Flap								ſ								
of A	Nasal		m						n						ŋ		
Manner of Articulation	Lateral Liquid								1								
Mar	Retroflex Liquid								ı								
	Glide	w	w										j				

State of the Glottis

Voiceless

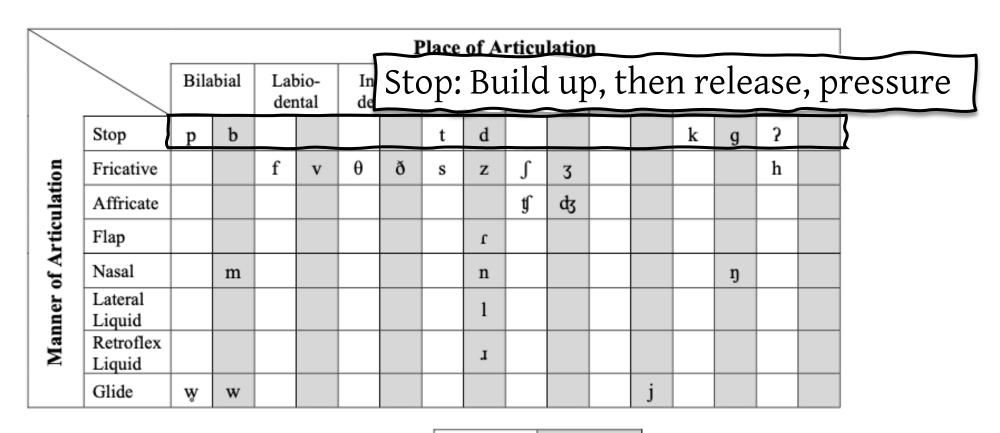


Fare thee well, young scholars!

							I	Place	of A	rticu	latio	n					\leq
		Bila	bial		oio- ntal		er- ntal	Alve	eolar		st- eolar	Pal	atal	Ve	lar	Glo	ottal
	Stop	p	b					t	d					k	g	3	
ion	Fricative			f	v	θ	ð	s	z	ſ	3					h	
ulat	Affricate									f	ďЗ						
of Articulation	Flap								ſ								
of A	Nasal		m						n						ŋ		
Manner	Lateral Liquid								1								
Маг	Retroflex Liquid								ı								
	Glide	ŵ	w										j				

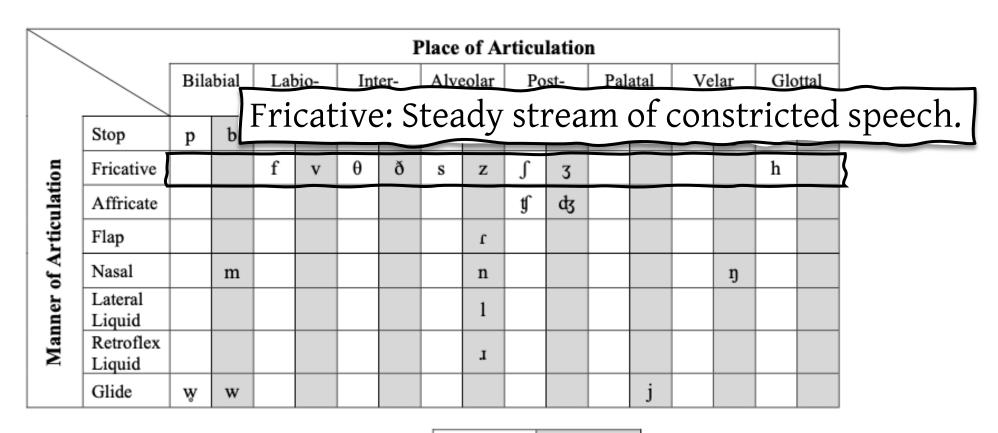
State of the Glottis

Voiceless



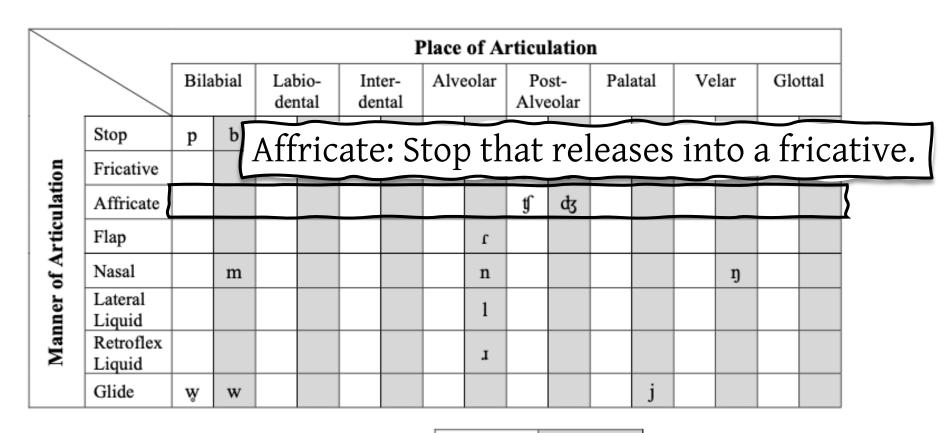
State of the Glottis

Voiceless



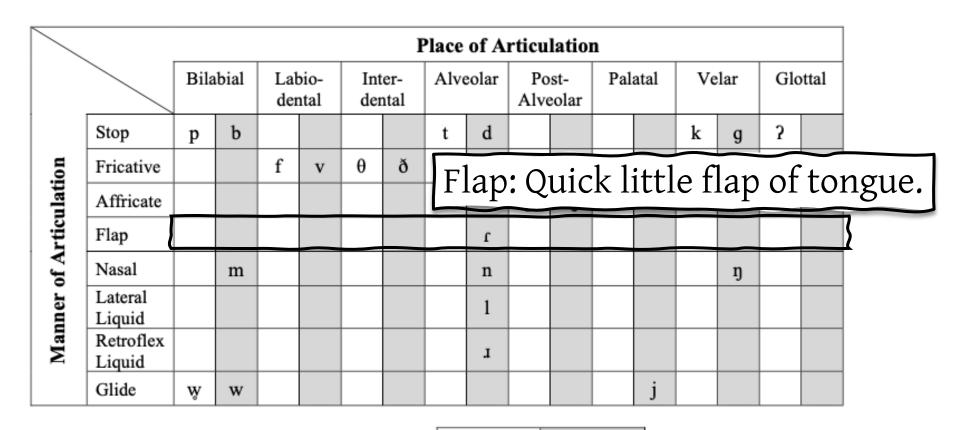
State of the Glottis

Voiceless



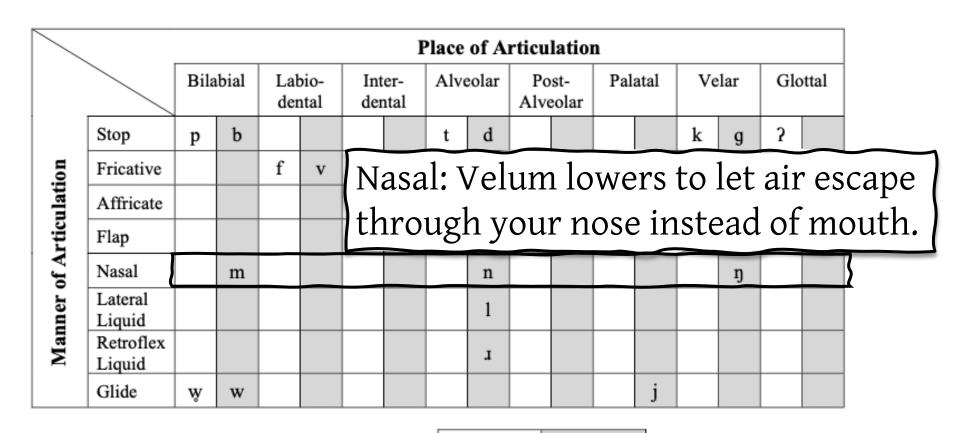
State of the Glottis

Voiceless



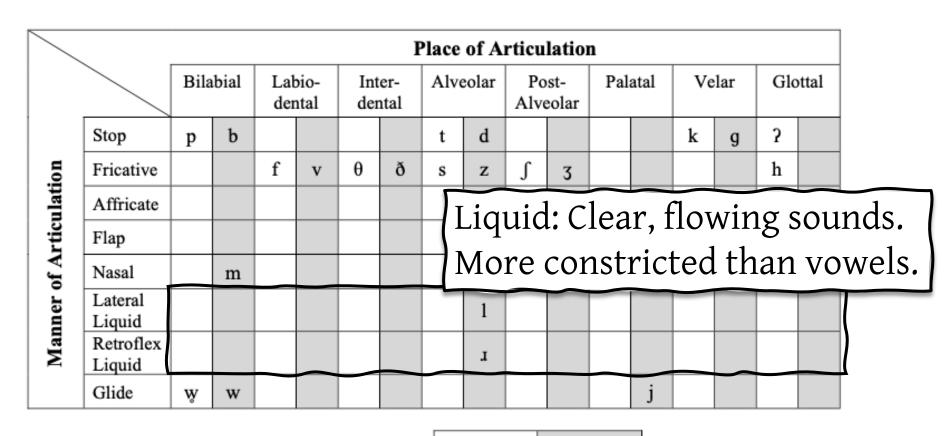
State of the Glottis

Voiceless



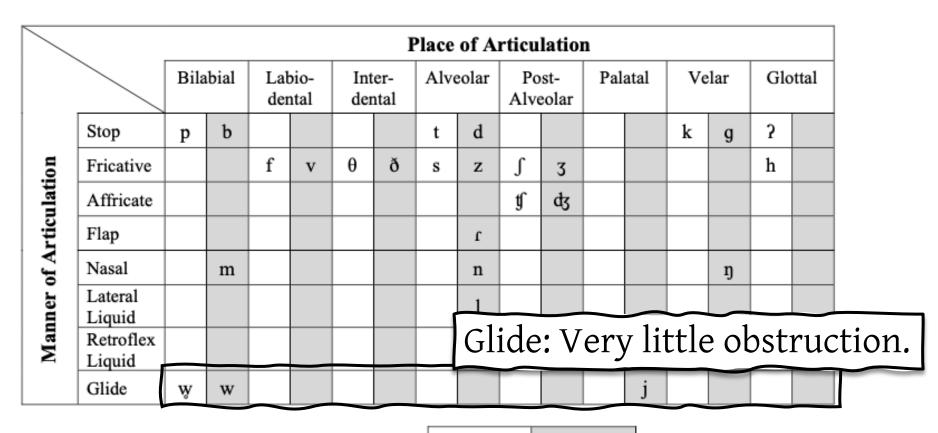
State of the Glottis

Voiceless



State of the Glottis

Voiceless



State of the Glottis

Voiceless

- What's the voiced bilabial stop?
- What's a word that starts with it?

							F	Place	of A	rticu	latio	n					
		Bila	bial	Lat der	oio- ntal		er- ntal	Alve	eolar		st- eolar	Pal	atal	Ve	lar	Glo	ottal
	Stop	p	b					t	d					k	g	3	
lon no	Fricative			f	v	θ	ð	s	z	ſ	3					h	
ulati	Affricate									f	ďЗ						
rtic	Flap								ſ								
of A	Nasal		m						n						ŋ		
Manner of Articulation	Lateral Liquid								1								
Mar	Retroflex Liquid								ı								
	Glide	w	w										j				

State of the Glottis

- What's the voiced interdental fricative?
- What's a word that starts with it?

							F	Place	of A	rticu	latio	n					
		Bila	bial	Lab der	oio- ntal		er- ıtal	Alve	eolar	Po Alve	st- eolar	Pal	atal	Ve	lar	Glo	ottal
	Stop	p	b					t	d					k	g	3	
ion	Fricative			f	v	θ	ð	s	z	ſ	3					h	
ulati	Affricate									ť	ďЗ						
of Articulation	Flap								ſ								
of A	Nasal		m						n						ŋ		
Manner	Lateral Liquid								1								
Mar	Retroflex Liquid								1								
	Glide	w	w										j				

State of the Glottis

- What's the voiced alveolar nasal?
- What's a word that starts with it?

							F	Place	of A	rticu	latior	n					
		Bila	abial		bio- ntal		ter- ntal	Alve	eolar		ost- eolar	Pala	atal	Ve	elar	Glc	ottal
	Stop	p	b					t	d					k	g	3	
ion	Fricative			f	v	θ	ð	s	z	ſ	3					h	
ulati	Affricate									f	ďз						
of Articulation	Flap								_								
of A	Nasal		m						n						ŋ		
Manner	Lateral Liquid								1								
Mar	Retroflex Liquid								ı								
	Glide	w	w										j				

State of the Glottis

- What's the voiceless glottal fricative?
- What's a word that starts with it?

Place of Articulation																		
			Bilabial		Labio- dental		Inter- dental		Alveolar		Post- Alveolar		Palatal		Velar		Glottal	
Manner of Articulation	Stop	p	b					t	d					k	g	?		
	Fricative			f	v	θ	ð	s	z	ſ	3					h		
	Affricate									f	ďЗ							
	Flap								ſ									
	Nasal		m						n						ŋ			
	Lateral Liquid								1									
Mar	Retroflex Liquid								1									
	Glide	w	w										j					

State of the Glottis

Give the **voicing**, **place**, and **manner**, in that order.

- How would you describe [w]?
- How would you describe [r]?
- How would you describe [tʃ]?
- How would you describe [ŋ]?
- How would you describe [k]?
- How would you describe [d]?
- How would you describe [z]?
- How would you describe [f]?
- How would you describe [a]?

		Place of Articulation															
		Bilabial		Labio- dental		Inter- dental		Alveolar		Post- Alveolar		Palatal		Velar		Glottal	
Manner of Articulation	Stop	p	b					t	d					k	g	3	
	Fricative			f	v	θ	ð	s	z	ſ	3					h	
	Affricate									f	ďЗ						
	Flap								ſ								
	Nasal		m						n						ŋ		
	Lateral Liquid								1								
	Retroflex Liquid								ı								
	Glide	w	w										j				

State of the Glottis Voiceless Voiced

- What's a word that starts with [s]?
- What's a word that ends with [s]?
- Does *shy* start with [s]?
- Does *dogs* end with [s]?

- What's a word that starts with [m]?
- What's a word that ends with [m]?

- What's a word that starts with [ʃ]?
- What's a word that ends with [ʃ]?

- What's a word that starts with [j]?
- What's a word that ends with [j]?
- Does *joyful* start with [j]?

- What's a word that starts with [dʒ]?
- What's a word that ends with [dʒ]?

- What's a word that starts with $[\theta]$?
- What's a word that ends with $[\theta]$?
- Does *them* start with $[\theta]$?
- Does weather have a $[\theta]$ in it?

For next week...

- Read pp.58–63 in Language Files, on the Readings page of our website.
- Complete Quiz #1, which is available on the Updates page of our website, before 6:30pm next Wednesday.
 - I'll send you an email reminder soon as well.
 - We'll go over it in class next week.